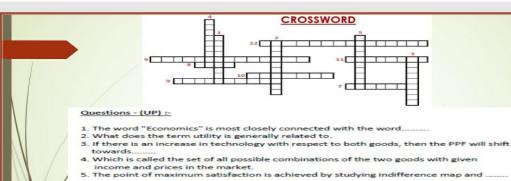
## **FUN WITH ECONOMICS**

Having fun while learning helps students to retain information better. Class XI Economics Students reinforced their learning on economics concepts with the use of cartoons, caricatures and crosswords.



## FOR WHOM TO PRODUCE

- ▶ This caricature depicts 'For whom to produce '
- ▶ This problem relates to the distribution of produced goods and services among the individuals within the economy, i.e. selection of the category of people who will ultimately consume the goods , i.e. whether to produce goods for more poor and less rich or more rich and less poor .
- Goods are produced for those people who have the paying capacity.



### Questions - (DOWN) :-

- 6. Which part of economic theory aims to determine income and employment.
  7. Scarcity refers to the limitation of supply in relation to ........
  8. Which unit is used for measuring utility.
  9. Which is one of the most important process of an economy.
  10. What provides us the means to work and earn a living.
  11. If there is an decrease in income then the budget line will shift towards ......
  12. In which utility approach it is assumed that utility can be measured in numeral values.

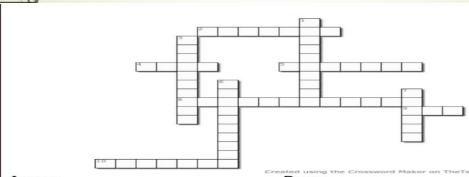
# **ANSWERS**

## Answers - (UP) :-

- 1. Scarcity
- 2. Additional
- 3. Rightward
- 4. Budgetset
- 5. Budgetline

### Answers - (DOWN) :-

- 6. Macroeconomics
- 7. Demand
- 8. Util
- 9. Production
- 10. Economy
- 11. Leftward
- 12. Cardinalutility



- Across
  2. If MU is 0 then TU is \_\_\_?
  4. At the point of satiety Marginal Utility is \_\_\_?
  - is\_\_\_\_?
    5. Wants satisfying capacity of goods and

  - services

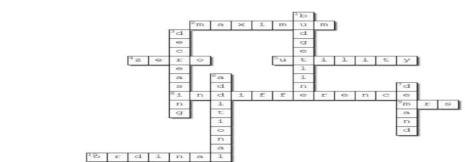
    8. The set which is the combination of P.Q.R.S.T and gives equal satisfaction to the consumer

    9. It is the Rate at which a consumer is wiling to Substitute a good Y for good X

    7.

    10. In which utility consumer Can rank his preferences on the basis of satisfaction from each bundle of goods

    ?
- Down
   1. Which line represents the various combinations of two goods which can be purchased with a given money income?
   3. If the marginal is positive then it means that the total utility is \_\_\_?
   5. The term in marginal economics means
  - 7. Diminishing marginal utility is the basis of



- Across

  2. If MU is 0 then TU is \_\_\_? (maximum)
  4. At the point of satiety Marginal Utility
  is \_\_\_? (zero)
  5. Wants satisfying capacity of goods and
  services (utility)
  8. The set which is the combination of
  P.Q.R.S.T and gives equal satisfaction to the
  consumer \_\_\_? (indifference)
  9. It is the Rate at which a consumer is willing
  to Substitute a good Y for good X \_\_\_? (mrs)
  10. In which utility consumer Can rank his
  preferences on the basis of satisfaction from
  each bundle of goods \_\_\_? (ordinal)
- Down

  1. Which line represents the various combinations of two goods which can be purchased with a given money income?

  3. If the marginal is positive then it means that the total utility is \_\_? (decreasing)

  6. The term in marginal economics means \_\_? (additional)

  7. Diminishing marginal utility is the basis of law of \_\_\_? (demand)